

User's Guide to
DmuTrace

A program for extracting the pedigree for a
subset of animals from a larger pedigree

Version 2

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1 Preface

DmuTrace is a program to extract a subset from a large pedigree file. The traced pedigree file can be used as input for DMU.

Initially Trace check the pedigree file for consistency, i.e. it should be possible to trace all individuals back to base populations (phantom parent groups) indicated by negative ID's.

A sort variable in the pedigree file can be used for checking that an individual is born after its parents. If the sort variable is day of birth in the format `yyyymmdd`, it can be checked that there is at least a specified number of days between between its day of birth and day of birth for its parents. Different minimum days can be specified for sire and dam.

A file with ID's of the individuals to be traced is read. First it is checked that all individuals specified for tracing are included in the total pedigree file. A pedigree file with all the specified individuals specified for tracing and all their ancestors. Additional a pruned pedigree file is build. The pruning can be more or less aggressive. The mildest pruning removes non-informative individuals, which is individuals not specified for tracing and with only one link to individuals specified for tracing is extracted with all the specified animals and all their ancestors. More aggressive pruning can be performed by removing individuals more than a specified number of generations before individuals specified for tracing.

The program can also calculate contributions from each of the base populations to each individual and the degree of heterozygosity between all possible combination's of the base populations.

If the base populations specified in the pedigree file are phantom parent groups (PHG's), and the PHG's have contributions from different breeds, the breed contribution to the PHG's can be specified in a file. Calculation of breed contributions and heterozygosity will then be based on breed contributions to the PHG's.

The trace programs are distributed free of charge, but the Center of Quantitative Genetics and Genomics (QGG), Aarhus University owns the source code of DmuTrace.

Great care has been put into the development in order to insure correct computations. If, however, errors are found they will be attended as quickly as possible. Correct use of the programs are entirely the responsibility of the end user and neither QGG nor the author will in any way be financially responsible for the results of use or misuse of results form the programs.

2 Program parameters

Program parameters are read from standard input using NAMELIST IO.

The format of the file is:
 &DIRECTIVES
 MAX_NIV = 25
 MAX_A = 10000000
 MAX_PHG = 500
 PED_FILE = TOTAL_PEDIGREE
 PROB_FILE = PROB
 N_BPOP = 0
 BPROP_FILE = BPROP
 OPT1 = 1
 OPT2 = 1
 GPRUNE = 0
 DOB_CHECK = No
 MIN_ACC_BD = 1
 MAX_ACC_BD = 2147483647
 MIN_D_SBD = 1
 MIN_D_DBD = 1
 /

The parameter values above are the default values set by DmuTrace.

The variables in the file read from standard input have the following meaning:

MAX_NIV	Maximum number of generations to look back for base population (PHG's). If the recursive procedure for looking up ancestors exceeds this value without reaching the base population (PHG), the animal is marked as an animal that can not be traced back to base population (PHG). MAX_NIV should be set to a value that is reasonable for the maximum number of generations that is possible for the species in question and the time frame in the pedigree file
MAX_A	Maximum number of animals that can be in the pedigree. This must be at least the number of animals in the total pedigree
MAX_PHG	Maximum number of PHG's. This value must be at least the number of different PHG's in the total pedigree file
PED_FILE	Name of the total pedigree file
PROB_FILE	Name of the file with ID's of individuals to trace
N_BPOP	Number of base populations (breeds). (Must be specified if breed proportions for base population are taken into account)
BPROP_FILE	Name of file with proportions from base populations in PHG's (is only used if N_BPOP > 0 is specified)
OPT1	= 1 - > Tracing = 2 - > Tracing + calculation of breed proportions and Heterozygosity
OPT2	= 1 - > Using ID's for the total pedigree file = 2 - > Renumber ID's (This can be used to create ID's for use in DMU and MiX99 for pedigree files using ID'S > $2^{31} - 1$. In this case the original ID is included in the output files)

GPRUNE	= 0 - > Standard pruning by removing non-informative ancestors = n - > Pruning to max n generations back from individuals specified for tracing (in the PROB_FILE)
DOB_CHECK	= Y or y - > Check for sort variable as day of birth in the format yyyyymmdd = N or n - > Check for sort variable as an integer numbers
MIN_ACC_BD	Smallest value accepted as a legal day of birth
MAX_ACC_BD	Largest value accepted as a legal day of birth. If this is set to 0 (zero) the date of execution is used, which is also the default value if no configuration file is specified
MIN_D_SBD	If number of days between an animals day of birth and the day of birth of its sire is below this value, information is written to a error file
MIN_D_DBD	If number of days between an animals day of birth and the day of birth of its dam is below this value, information is written to a error file

It is only necessary to specify variables when the default value is not sufficient, so if the default values can be used, the following content of the file piped into the program is sufficient:

```
&DIRECTIVES
PED_FILE      = YOUR_TOTAL_PED
PROB_FILE     = YOUR_FILE_WITH_ID's
/
```

3 Description of input data sets

3.1 Total pedigree file

The pedigree file (TOTAL_PED), in ASCII format, must have the following information on each line:

Var. No.	Content
1	ID
2	Sire ID
3	Dam ID
4	Birth date for individual ID (sort var.)

The three ID's are read and treated as long integers (64 bit). This means that the largest ID that can be handled is $2^{63} - 1 = 9223372036854775807$. Base populations or PHG's must have negative numbers. The Birth date (sort var.) must be in a format so animals can be accessed in birth date order (yyyyymmdd, day number from some fixed date etc.). The value in the birth date column is included in the files with the traced pedigree. Thereby the files can be used directly as pedigree files for the DMU-packaged.

3.2 File with ID's for individuals to trace ("PROB")

The "PROB" file (in ASCII format) must have the following information on each line:

Var. No.	Content
1	ID (correspond to ID in the total pedigree file)

3.3 File with "breed proportions" in base population groups

If N_BPOP > 0 is specified, a file with base populations proportions in each PHG's must supplied, have the following information on each line (in ASCII format):

Var. No.	Content
1	PHG ID
2-N_BPOP+1	Proportions of genes from each of the N_BPOP in this PHG (real)

4 Description of output data sets

The program produces a number of output files. The files will have the name of the "PROB" file with an extension. The contents of the files will be described in the following:

4.1 Traced pedigree file ("PED")

A pedigree file with all individuals specified in the PROB file and their ancestors. The extension for this data set is PED.

The format of this file is ASCII and the variables depends on the value specified for OPT2.

Var. no.	OPT2 = 1 Meaning	OPT2 = 2 Meaning
1	Original ID (long integer)	Renumbered ID (integer)
2	Original sire ID (long integer)	Renumbered sire ID (integer)
3	Original dam ID (long integer)	Renumbered dam ID (integer)
4	Birth date (sort var.) (integer)	Birth date (sort var.) (integer)
5	Completeness of the pedigree expressed as known generations (real)	Completeness of the pedigree expressed as known generations (real)
6		Original ID (long integer)

4.2 Pruned pedigree file ("PRUNE")

A pruned pedigree file with all individuals specified in the PROB file and all their informative ancestors. The extension for this data set is PRUNE. In this file all pruned parents are allocated to the base population (PHG) -999999997.

The format of this file is ASCII and the variables depends on the value specified for OPT2.

Var. no.	OPT2 = 1 Meaning	OPT2 = 2 Meaning
1	Original ID (long integer)	Renumbered ID (integer)
2	Original sire ID (long integer)	Renumbered sire ID (integer)
3	Original dam ID (long integer)	Renumbered dam ID (integer)
4	Birth date (sort var.) (integer)	Birth date (sort var.) (integer)
5		Original ID (long integer)

4.3 Breed composition ("BCONTRIB") and heterozygosity ("HET") files

If calculation of base population (PHG) contributions and heterozygosity are requested (OPT1 = 2), two additional files are created. One with proportions from base populations in each animal in the traced pedigree (file name extension BCONTRIB), and one with heterozygosity (file name extension HET).

The format of the file with "breed compositions" is ASCII and the variables depends on the value of OPT2.

Var. no.	OPT2 = 1	OPT2 = 2
	Meaning	Meaning
1	Original ID (long integer)	Renumbered ID (integer)
2	Renumbered base population ID (integer)	Renumbered base population ID (integer)
3	Contribution from base population (real)	Contribution from base population (real)
4	Original ID (long integer)	

The file with "breed heterozygosity" is ASCII and the variables depends on the value of OPT2.

Var. no.	OPT2 = 1	OPT2 = 2
	Meaning	Meaning
1	Original ID (long integer)	Renumbered ID (integer)
2	Renumbered ID for base population i (integer)	Renumbered ID for base population i
3	Renumbered ID for base population j (integer)	Renumbered ID for base population j (integer)
4	Heterozygosity between base populations i and j (real)	Heterozygosity between base populations i and j (real)
5		Original ID (long integer)

4.4 Renumbered PHG ("PHG_RENUM")

If renumbering of ID's is ordered (Opt1=2) or computation of contributions from base populations/breeds are ordered (Opt2=2), a file with renumbered base populations (phantom parent group) ID's is created. This file contains the link between the base population ID's in the total pedigree file and the base population ID's in the "BCONTRIB" and "HET" file. The extension for the file is PHG_RENUM. The format of this file is ASCII and it has 2 variables.

Var. no.	Meaning
1	Original phantom parent (base population) ID (long integer)
2	Renumbered phantom parent ID (-1* assigned base population number (integer)

4.5 Pedigree errors

The total pedigree file (Total_Ped) is checked for consistency. If errors are found, a number of error files are produced. The error conditions, name of the error files and there contents are explained in the listing from the program.

5 Example on running the trace program

In the following a few examples on how to run DmuTrace is given.

All the examples are using the same total pedigree file and the same file with individuals to trace.

The total pedigree file (TOTAL_PEDIGREE) contains 19 individuals:

```
1 -11 -21 20000101
2 -11 -21 20010201
3 -11 -21 20000301
4 -12 -22 20010401
5 -12 -22 20000501
6 -12 -22 20010601
101 1 2 20030101
102 3 4 20030201
103 5 4 20030301
104 5 4 20030401
105 5 6 20030501
201 101 102 20060101
202 103 102 20060201
203 103 104 20060301
204 105 104 20060401
206 105 102 20060501
301 201 202 20080101
302 203 202 20080601
303 203 204 20080301
```

The file with individuals to trace (PROB) contains ID's for 3 individuals:

```
301
302
303
```

5.1 Example 1: Tracing and standard pruning

This example is a simple tracing in order to extract the pedigree for the 3 individuals in the file "PROB".

The instruction file for this example (ex1.DIR) contains:

```
&DIRECTIVES
PED_FILE = TOTAL_PEDIGREE
PROB_FILE = PROB
/
```

The output printed to standard output and the files produced by DmuTrace is on the following pages.

DmuTrace ver. 2 21-11-2012 - 21:48:21

```

**** * * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
**** * * * * *
    
```

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A program to extract pedigree information for a subset of individuals from a larger pedigree file

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Name of pedigree file TOTAL_PEDIGREE
 Name of file with individuals to trace . PROB

(Trace only)

(Using original ID's)

The sort variable (column no, 4) in the total pedigree file is assumed to be an integer number with a value larger than the sort variable of any of its parents

A sort variable value <= 0 is assumed to be unknown and is not used in checking sort variables

Statistics for the pedigree file

```

-----
No. of individuals ..... 19
No. of individuals inserted ..... 0
No. of phantom parent groups ..... 4
No. of individuals that should be traced ..... 3
No. of phantom parent groups with repeated information ..... 0
No. of individuals with repeated pedigree information ..... 0
No. of individuals with inconsistent pedigree information ..... 0
No. of individuals that should be traced not in pedigree file . 0
No. of individuals that can not be traced back to PHG's ..... 0
No. of these that should be traced ..... 0
    
```

PHANTOM PARENT GROUPS = BASE POPULATIONS(B POP)

Direct links and contribution expressed as no. of genomes and gene proportions

PHG	B POP	Sire	Dam	All in traced ped.		Marked for traced	
				Genomes	Gene prop	Genomes	Gene prop
-11	1	3	0	3.06	0.17013889	0.31	0.10416667
-12	3	3	0	5.94	0.32986111	1.19	0.39583333
-21	2	0	3	3.06	0.17013889	0.31	0.10416667
-22	4	0	3	5.94	0.32986111	1.19	0.39583333
SUM				18.00	1.00000000	3.00	1.00000000

DmuTrace ver. 2 21-11-2012 - 21:48:21

Description of output files

A pedigree file has been created.
 It contains 18 records
 File name: PROB.PED

The format is ASCII and it has 5 variables

The variables are:
 1. Original ID (long integer)
 2. Original sire ID (long integer)
 3. Original dam ID (long integer)
 4. Birth date (sort var.) (integer)
 5. Known generations (real)

A pruned pedigree file has been created.
 It contains 13 records
 File name: PROB.PRUNE

The format is ASCII and it has 4 variables

The variables are:
 1. Original ID (long integer)
 2. Original sire ID (long integer)
 3. Original dam ID (long integer)
 4. Birth date (sort var.) (integer)

A file with renumbered phantom parent groups ID's has been created.
 -1 times the assigned base population number is used as the renumbered PHG ID
 It contains 4 records
 File name: PROB.PHG_RENUM

The format is ASCII and it has 2 variables
 (2 integer).

The variables are:
 1. The original PHG ID (long integer)
 2. Renumbered PHG ID (integer)

EOJ

The complete pedigree for the 3 individuals in the "PROB" file:

1	-11	-21	2000101	0.000000E+00
2	-11	-21	20010201	0.000000E+00
3	-11	-21	20000301	0.000000E+00
4	-12	-22	20010401	0.000000E+00
5	-12	-22	20000501	0.000000E+00
6	-12	-22	20010601	0.000000E+00
101	1	2	20030101	1.000000
102	3	4	20030201	1.000000
103	5	4	20030301	1.000000
104	5	4	20030401	1.000000
105	5	6	20030501	1.000000
201	101	102	20060101	2.000000
202	103	102	20060201	2.000000
203	103	104	20060301	2.000000
204	105	104	20060401	2.000000
301	201	202	20080101	3.000000
302	203	202	20080601	3.000000
303	203	204	20080301	3.000000

The pruned pedigree for the 3 individuals in the "PROB" file:

4	-12	-22	20010401	
5	-12	-22	20000501	
102	-999999997	4	20030201	
103	5	4	20030301	
104	5	4	20030401	
105	5	-999999997	20030501	
201	-999999997	102	20060101	
202	103	102	20060201	
203	103	104	20060301	
204	105	104	20060401	
301	201	202	20080101	
302	203	202	20080601	
303	203	204	20080301	

5.2 Example 2: Tracing and aggressive pruning

This example is a simple tracing as in example 1, but with pruning so no individuals in the pruned pedigree is more than one generation back from the 3 individuals in the file "PROB".

The instruction file for this example (ex2.DIR) contains:

```
&DIRECTIVES
PED_FILE = TOTAL.PEDIGREE
PROB_FILE = PROB
GPRUNE = 1
/
```

The output printed to standard output and the files produced by DmuTrace is on the following pages.

The complete pedigree for the 3 individuals in the "PROB" file:

1	-11	-21	2000101	0.000000E+00
2	-11	-21	20010201	0.000000E+00
3	-11	-21	20000301	0.000000E+00
4	-12	-22	20010401	0.000000E+00
5	-12	-22	20000501	0.000000E+00
6	-12	-22	20010601	0.000000E+00
101	1	2	20030101	1.000000
102	3	4	20030201	1.000000
103	5	4	20030301	1.000000
104	5	4	20030401	1.000000
105	5	6	20030501	1.000000
201	101	102	20060101	2.000000
202	103	102	20060201	2.000000
203	103	104	20060301	2.000000
204	105	104	20060401	2.000000
301	201	202	20080101	3.000000
302	203	202	20080601	3.000000
303	203	204	20080301	3.000000

The pruned pedigree for the 3 individuals in the "PROB" file:

201	-999999997	-999999997	20060101
202	-999999997	-999999997	20060201
203	-999999997	-999999997	20060301
204	-999999997	-999999997	20060401
301	201	202	20080101
302	203	202	20080601
303	203	204	20080301

5.3 Example 3: Tracing and computation of contributions and heterozygosity

This example is a simple tracing as in example 1, but with with computation on gene contributions from each base populations and heterozygosity between all possible combination's of base populations.

The instruction file for this example (ex3.DIR) contains:

```
&DIRECTIVES
PED_FILE = TOTAL.PEDIGREE
PROB_FILE = PROB
OPT1 = 2
/
```

The output printed to standard output and the files produced by DmuTrace is on the following pages.

DmuTrace ver. 2 22-11-2012 - 12:56:26

```

**** * * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
**** * * * * *
    
```

Version: 2

A program to extract pedigree information for a subset of individuals from a larger pedigree file

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Name of pedigree file TOTAL_PEDIGREE
 Name of file with individuals to trace . PROB

Option 1 specified 2
 (Trace + breed proportions + heterozygosity)

(Using original ID's)

The sort variable (column no, 4) in the total pedigree file is assumed to be an integer number with a value larger than the sort variable of any of its parents

A sort variable value <= 0 is assumed to be unknown and is not used in checking sort variables

Statistics for the pedigree file

```

-----
No. of individuals ..... 19
No. of individuals inserted ..... 0
No. of phantom parent groups ..... 4
No. of individuals that should be traced ..... 3
No. of phantom parent groups with repeated information ..... 0
No. of individuals with repeated pedigree information ..... 0
No. of individuals with inconsistent pedigree information ..... 0
No. of individuals that should be traced not in pedigree file ..... 0
No. of individuals that can not be traced back to PHG's ..... 0
No. of these that should be traced ..... 0
    
```

PHANTOM PARENT GROUPS = BASE POPULATIONS(B POP)

Direct links and contribution expressed as no. of genomes and gene proportions

PHG	B POP	Sire	Dam	All in traced ped.		Marked for traced	
				Genomes	Gene prop	Genomes	Gene prop
-11	1	3	0	3.06	0.17013889	0.31	0.10416667
-12	3	3	0	5.94	0.32986111	1.19	0.39583333
-21	2	0	3	3.06	0.17013889	0.31	0.10416667
-22	4	0	3	5.94	0.32986111	1.19	0.39583333
SUM				18.00	1.00000000	3.00	1.00000000

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Simple statistics for the traced pedigree

Contribution from base populations to all individuals

Base population	N-obs	Average	S.D.	Min value	Max value
1	18	0.17013890	0.21200803	0.00000000	0.50000000
2	18	0.17013890	0.21200803	0.00000000	0.50000000
3	18	0.32986110	0.21200803	0.00000000	0.50000000
4	18	0.32986110	0.21200803	0.00000000	0.50000000

Contribution from base populations to individuals with contribution > 0

Base population	N-obs	Average	S.D.	Min value	Max value
1	9	0.34027779	0.17430417	0.62500000E-01	0.50000000
2	9	0.34027779	0.17430417	0.62500000E-01	0.50000000
3	14	0.42410713	0.12542853	0.12500000	0.50000000
4	14	0.42410713	0.12542853	0.12500000	0.50000000

Heterozygosity all individuals

Base populations		N-obs	Average	S.D.	Min value	Max value
1	2	18	0.21354167	0.38351995	0.00000000	1.00000000
1	3	18	0.39930556E-01	0.74110501E-01	0.00000000	0.25000000
1	4	18	0.39930556E-01	0.74110501E-01	0.00000000	0.25000000
2	3	18	0.39930556E-01	0.74110501E-01	0.00000000	0.25000000
2	4	18	0.39930556E-01	0.74110501E-01	0.00000000	0.25000000
3	4	18	0.37326390	0.36006922	0.00000000	1.00000000

Heterozygosity for individuals with specific heterozygosity > 0

Base populations		N-obs	Average	S.D.	Min value	Max value
1	2	6	0.64062500	0.41446030	0.93750000E-01	1.00000000
1	3	5	0.14375000	0.68465322E-01	0.62500000E-01	0.25000000
1	4	5	0.14375000	0.68465322E-01	0.62500000E-01	0.25000000
2	3	5	0.14375000	0.68465322E-01	0.62500000E-01	0.25000000
2	4	5	0.14375000	0.68465322E-01	0.62500000E-01	0.25000000
3	4	12	0.55989581	0.29389453	0.93750000E-01	1.00000000

The complete pedigree for the 3 individuals in the "PROB" file:

1	-11	-21	20000101	0.0000000E+00
2	-11	-21	20010201	0.0000000E+00
3	-11	-21	20000301	0.0000000E+00
4	-12	-22	20010401	0.0000000E+00
5	-12	-22	20000501	0.0000000E+00
6	-12	-22	20010601	0.0000000E+00
101	1	2	20030101	1.000000
102	3	4	20030201	1.000000
103	5	4	20030301	1.000000
104	5	4	20030401	1.000000
105	5	6	20030501	1.000000
201	101	102	20060101	2.000000
202	103	102	20060201	2.000000
203	103	104	20060301	2.000000
204	105	104	20060401	2.000000
301	201	202	20080101	3.000000
302	203	202	20080601	3.000000
303	203	204	20080301	3.000000

The pruned pedigree for the 3 individuals in the "PROB" file:

4	-12	-22	20010401
5	-12	-22	20000501
102	-999999997	4	20030201
103	5	4	20030301
104	5	4	20030401
105	5	-999999997	20030501
201	-999999997	102	20060101
202	103	102	20060201
203	103	104	20060301
204	105	104	20060401
301	201	202	20080101
302	203	202	20080601
303	203	204	20080301

The file with contributions from base populations:

1	1	0.5000000000000000
1	2	0.5000000000000000
2	1	0.5000000000000000
2	2	0.5000000000000000
3	1	0.5000000000000000
3	2	0.5000000000000000
4	3	0.5000000000000000
4	4	0.5000000000000000
5	3	0.5000000000000000
5	4	0.5000000000000000
6	3	0.5000000000000000
6	4	0.5000000000000000
101	1	0.5000000000000000
101	2	0.5000000000000000
102	1	0.2500000000000000
102	2	0.2500000000000000
102	3	0.2500000000000000
102	4	0.2500000000000000
103	3	0.5000000000000000
103	4	0.5000000000000000
104	3	0.5000000000000000
104	4	0.5000000000000000
105	3	0.5000000000000000
105	4	0.5000000000000000
201	1	0.3750000000000000
201	2	0.3750000000000000
201	3	0.1250000000000000
201	4	0.1250000000000000
202	1	0.1250000000000000
202	2	0.1250000000000000
202	3	0.3750000000000000
202	4	0.3750000000000000
203	3	0.5000000000000000
203	4	0.5000000000000000
204	3	0.5000000000000000
204	4	0.5000000000000000
301	1	0.2500000000000000
301	2	0.2500000000000000
301	3	0.2500000000000000
301	4	0.2500000000000000
302	1	6.250000000000000E-002
302	2	6.250000000000000E-002
302	3	0.4375000000000000
302	4	0.4375000000000000
303	3	0.5000000000000000
303	4	0.5000000000000000

The file with heterozygosity between base populations:

1	1	2	1.0000000000000000
2	1	2	1.0000000000000000
3	1	2	1.0000000000000000
4	3	4	1.0000000000000000
5	3	4	1.0000000000000000
6	3	4	1.0000000000000000
101	1	2	0.5000000000000000
102	1	3	0.2500000000000000
102	1	4	0.2500000000000000
102	2	3	0.2500000000000000
102	2	4	0.2500000000000000
103	3	4	0.5000000000000000
104	3	4	0.5000000000000000
105	3	4	0.5000000000000000
201	1	2	0.2500000000000000
201	1	3	0.1250000000000000
201	1	4	0.1250000000000000
201	2	3	0.1250000000000000
201	2	4	0.1250000000000000
202	1	3	0.1250000000000000
202	1	4	0.1250000000000000
202	2	3	0.1250000000000000
202	2	4	0.1250000000000000
202	3	4	0.2500000000000000
203	3	4	0.5000000000000000
204	3	4	0.5000000000000000
301	1	2	9.375000000000000E-002
301	1	3	0.1562500000000000
301	1	4	0.1562500000000000
301	2	3	0.1562500000000000
301	2	4	0.1562500000000000
301	3	4	9.375000000000000E-002
302	1	3	6.250000000000000E-002
302	1	4	6.250000000000000E-002
302	2	3	6.250000000000000E-002
302	2	4	6.250000000000000E-002
302	3	4	0.3750000000000000
303	3	4	0.5000000000000000

5.4 Example 4: Tracing and computation of contributions and heterozygosity

This example is a simple tracing as in example 3 but three of the unknown parents groups (Phantom Parent Groups) are assumed to be pure breed of breed 1, 2 and 3 respectively, while the last group consists of 3-way crosses ($B1 \times B2 \times B3$). This is accomplished by specifying that there are there are 3 base populations (N_BPOP=3) and that the breed composition of the unknown parent groups are in the file specified for BPROP_FILE.

The instruction file for this example (ex4.DIR) contains:

```
&DIRECTIVES
PED_FILE = TOTAL.PEDIGREE
PROB_FILE = PROB
OPT1 = 2
BPROP_FILE = B.PROP
N_BPOP = 3
/
```

The file with breed proportions in the Phantom Parent Groups contains:

```
-11 1 0 0
-21 0 1 0
-12 0 0 1
-22 .25 .25 .5
```

The output printed to standard output and the files produced by DmuTrace is on the following pages.

The complete pedigree for the 3 individuals in the "PROB" file:

1	-11	-21	2000101	0.0000000E+00
2	-11	-21	20010201	0.0000000E+00
3	-11	-21	20000301	0.0000000E+00
4	-12	-22	20010401	0.0000000E+00
5	-12	-22	20000501	0.0000000E+00
6	-12	-22	20010601	0.0000000E+00
101	1	2	20030101	1.000000
102	3	4	20030201	1.000000
103	5	4	20030301	1.000000
104	5	4	20030401	1.000000
105	5	6	20030501	1.000000
201	101	102	20060101	2.000000
202	103	102	20060201	2.000000
203	103	104	20060301	2.000000
204	105	104	20060401	2.000000
301	201	202	20080101	3.000000
302	203	202	20080601	3.000000
303	203	204	20080301	3.000000

The pruned pedigree for the 3 individuals in the "PROB" file:

4	-12	-22	20010401
5	-12	-22	20000501
102	-999999997	4	20030201
103	5	4	20030301
104	5	4	20030401
105	5	-999999997	20030501
201	-999999997	102	20060101
202	103	102	20060201
203	103	104	20060301
204	105	104	20060401
301	201	202	20080101
302	203	202	20080601
303	203	204	20080301

The file with contributions from base populations ("BCONTRIB") contains from 1 to N_BPOP lines per individual in the traced pedigree (only lines for contributions > 0 are generated). Base population-s/breeds are numbered according to the renumbering information in the "PHG_RENUM" file

1	1	0.5000000000000000
1	2	0.5000000000000000
2	1	0.5000000000000000
2	2	0.5000000000000000
3	1	0.5000000000000000
3	2	0.5000000000000000
4	1	0.1250000000000000
4	2	0.1250000000000000
4	3	0.7500000000000000
5	1	0.1250000000000000
5	2	0.1250000000000000
5	3	0.7500000000000000
6	1	0.1250000000000000
6	2	0.1250000000000000
6	3	0.7500000000000000
101	1	0.5000000000000000
101	2	0.5000000000000000
102	1	0.3125000000000000
102	2	0.3125000000000000
102	3	0.3750000000000000
103	1	0.1250000000000000
103	2	0.1250000000000000
103	3	0.7500000000000000
104	1	0.1250000000000000
104	2	0.1250000000000000
104	3	0.7500000000000000
105	1	0.1250000000000000
105	2	0.1250000000000000
105	3	0.7500000000000000
201	1	0.4062500000000000
201	2	0.4062500000000000
201	3	0.1875000000000000
202	1	0.2187500000000000
202	2	0.2187500000000000
202	3	0.5625000000000000
203	1	0.1250000000000000
203	2	0.1250000000000000
203	3	0.7500000000000000
204	1	0.1250000000000000
204	2	0.1250000000000000
204	3	0.7500000000000000
301	1	0.3125000000000000
301	2	0.3125000000000000
301	3	0.3750000000000000
302	1	0.1718750000000000
302	2	0.1718750000000000
302	3	0.6562500000000000
303	1	0.1250000000000000
303	2	0.1250000000000000
303	3	0.7500000000000000

The file with heterozygosity ("HET") contains from 0 to $N_BPOP \times (N_BPOP - 1)/2$ lines per individual in the traced pedigree (only lines for heterozygosity > 0 are generated). Base populations/breeds are numbered according to the renumbering information in the "PHG_RENUM" file.

1	1	2	1.0000000000000000
2	1	2	1.0000000000000000
3	1	2	1.0000000000000000
4	1	3	0.2500000000000000
4	2	3	0.2500000000000000
5	1	3	0.2500000000000000
5	2	3	0.2500000000000000
6	1	3	0.2500000000000000
6	2	3	0.2500000000000000
101	1	2	0.5000000000000000
102	1	2	0.1250000000000000
102	1	3	0.3750000000000000
102	2	3	0.3750000000000000
103	1	2	3.1250000000000000E-002
103	1	3	0.1875000000000000
103	2	3	0.1875000000000000
104	1	2	3.1250000000000000E-002
104	1	3	0.1875000000000000
104	2	3	0.1875000000000000
105	1	2	3.1250000000000000E-002
105	1	3	0.1875000000000000
105	2	3	0.1875000000000000
201	1	2	0.3125000000000000
201	1	3	0.1875000000000000
201	2	3	0.1875000000000000
202	1	2	7.8125000000000000E-002
202	1	3	0.2812500000000000
202	2	3	0.2812500000000000
203	1	2	3.1250000000000000E-002
203	1	3	0.1875000000000000
203	2	3	0.1875000000000000
204	1	2	3.1250000000000000E-002
204	1	3	0.1875000000000000
204	2	3	0.1875000000000000
301	1	2	0.1777343750000000
301	1	3	0.2695312500000000
301	2	3	0.2695312500000000
302	1	2	5.4687500000000000E-002
302	1	3	0.2343750000000000
302	2	3	0.2343750000000000
303	1	2	3.1250000000000000E-002
303	1	3	0.1875000000000000
303	2	3	0.1875000000000000

5.5 Example 5: Recoding of ID's, tracing and computation of contributions and heterozygosity

This example is the same as example 3, except that ID's are recoded. Due to the recoding of ID's, the "PED", "PRUNE", "BCONTRIB" and "HET" has an extra column containing the original ID.

The instruction file for this example (ex5.DIR) contains:

```
&DIRECTIVES
PED.FILE = TOTAL.PEDIGREE
PROB.FILE = PROB
OPT1 = 2
OPT2 = 2
/
```

The output printed to standard output and the files produced by DmuTrace is on the following pages.

DmuTrace ver. 2 26-11-2012 - 15:29:18

```

**** * * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
**** * * * * *
    
```

Version: 2

A program to extract pedigree information for a subset of individuals from a larger pedigree file

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Name of pedigree file TOTAL_PEDIGREE
 Name of file with individuals to trace . PROB

Option 1 specified..... 2
 (Trace + breed proportions + heterozygosity)

Option 2 specified..... 2
 (Using renumbered ID's)

The sort variable (column no, 4) in the total pedigree file is assumed to be an integer number with a value larger then the sort variable of any of its parents

A sort variable value <= 0 is assumed to be unknown and is not used in checking sort variables

Statistics for the pedigree file

```

-----
No. of individuals ..... 19
No. of individuals inserted ..... 0
No. of phantom parent groups ..... 4
No. of individuals that should be traced ..... 3
No. of phantom parent groups with repeated information ..... 0
No. of individuals with repeated pedigree information ..... 0
No. of individuals with inconsistent pedigree information ..... 0
No. of individuals that should be traced not in pedigree file ..... 0
No. of individuals that can not be traced back to PHG's ..... 0
No. of these that should be traced ..... 0
    
```

PHANTOM PARENT GROUPS = BASE POPULATIONS(B POP)

Direct links and contribution expressed as no. of genomes and gene proportions

PHG	B POP	Sire	Dam	All in traced ped.		Marked for traced	
				Genomes	Gene prop	Genomes	Gene prop
-11	1	3	0	3.06	0.17013889	0.31	0.10416667
-12	3	3	0	5.94	0.32986111	1.19	0.39583333
-21	2	0	3	3.06	0.17013889	0.31	0.10416667
-22	4	0	3	5.94	0.32986111	1.19	0.39583333
SUM				18.00	1.00000000	3.00	1.00000000

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Simple statistics for the traced pedigree

Contribution from base populations to all individuals

Base population	N-obs	Average	S.D.	Min value	Max value
1	18	0.17013890	0.21200803	0.00000000	0.50000000
2	18	0.17013890	0.21200803	0.00000000	0.50000000
3	18	0.32986110	0.21200803	0.00000000	0.50000000
4	18	0.32986110	0.21200803	0.00000000	0.50000000

Contribution from base populations to individuals with contribution > 0

Base population	N-obs	Average	S.D.	Min value	Max value
1	9	0.34027779	0.17430417	0.62500000E-01	0.50000000
2	9	0.34027779	0.17430417	0.62500000E-01	0.50000000
3	14	0.42410713	0.12542853	0.12500000	0.50000000
4	14	0.42410713	0.12542853	0.12500000	0.50000000

Heterozygosity all individuals

Base populations		N-obs	Average	S.D.	Min value	Max value
1	2					
1	2	18	0.21354167	0.38351995	0.00000000	1.00000000
1	3	18	0.39930556E-01	0.74110501E-01	0.00000000	0.25000000
1	4	18	0.39930556E-01	0.74110501E-01	0.00000000	0.25000000
2	3	18	0.39930556E-01	0.74110501E-01	0.00000000	0.25000000
2	4	18	0.39930556E-01	0.74110501E-01	0.00000000	0.25000000
3	4	18	0.37326390	0.36006922	0.00000000	1.00000000

Heterozygosity for individuals with specific heterozygosity > 0

Base populations		N-obs	Average	S.D.	Min value	Max value
1	2					
1	2	6	0.64062500	0.41446030	0.93750000E-01	1.00000000
1	3	5	0.14375000	0.68465322E-01	0.62500000E-01	0.25000000
1	4	5	0.14375000	0.68465322E-01	0.62500000E-01	0.25000000
2	3	5	0.14375000	0.68465322E-01	0.62500000E-01	0.25000000
2	4	5	0.14375000	0.68465322E-01	0.62500000E-01	0.25000000
3	4	12	0.55989581	0.29389453	0.93750000E-01	1.00000000

The complete pedigree for the 3 individuals in the "PROB" file:

1	-1	-2	20000101	0.0000000E+00	1
2	-1	-2	20010201	0.0000000E+00	2
3	-1	-2	20000301	0.0000000E+00	3
4	-3	-4	20010401	0.0000000E+00	4
5	-3	-4	20000501	0.0000000E+00	5
6	-3	-4	20010601	0.0000000E+00	6
7	1	2	20030101	1.000000	101
8	3	4	20030201	1.000000	102
9	5	4	20030301	1.000000	103
10	5	4	20030401	1.000000	104
11	5	6	20030501	1.000000	105
12	7	8	20060101	2.000000	201
13	9	8	20060201	2.000000	202
14	9	10	20060301	2.000000	203
15	11	10	20060401	2.000000	204
17	12	13	20080101	3.000000	301
18	14	13	20080601	3.000000	302
19	14	15	20080301	3.000000	303

The pruned pedigree for the 3 individuals in the "PROB" file:

4	-3	-4	20010401	4
5	-3	-4	20000501	5
8	0	4	20030201	102
9	5	4	20030301	103
10	5	4	20030401	104
11	5	0	20030501	105
12	0	8	20060101	201
13	9	8	20060201	202
14	9	10	20060301	203
15	11	10	20060401	204
17	12	13	20080101	301
18	14	13	20080601	302
19	14	15	20080301	303

The file with contributions from base populations ("BCONTRIB") contains from 1 to N_BPOP lines per individual in the traced pedigree (only lines for contributions > 0 are generated). Base population-s/breeds are numbered according to the renumbering information in the "PHG_RENUM" file

1	1	0.5000000000000000	1
1	2	0.5000000000000000	1
2	1	0.5000000000000000	2
2	2	0.5000000000000000	2
3	1	0.5000000000000000	3
3	2	0.5000000000000000	3
4	3	0.5000000000000000	4
4	4	0.5000000000000000	4
5	3	0.5000000000000000	5
5	4	0.5000000000000000	5
6	3	0.5000000000000000	6
6	4	0.5000000000000000	6
7	1	0.5000000000000000	101
7	2	0.5000000000000000	101
8	1	0.2500000000000000	102
8	2	0.2500000000000000	102
8	3	0.2500000000000000	102
8	4	0.2500000000000000	102
9	3	0.5000000000000000	103
9	4	0.5000000000000000	103
10	3	0.5000000000000000	104
10	4	0.5000000000000000	104
11	3	0.5000000000000000	105
11	4	0.5000000000000000	105
12	1	0.3750000000000000	201
12	2	0.3750000000000000	201
12	3	0.1250000000000000	201
12	4	0.1250000000000000	201
13	1	0.1250000000000000	202
13	2	0.1250000000000000	202
13	3	0.3750000000000000	202
13	4	0.3750000000000000	202
14	3	0.5000000000000000	203
14	4	0.5000000000000000	203
15	3	0.5000000000000000	204
15	4	0.5000000000000000	204
17	1	0.2500000000000000	301
17	2	0.2500000000000000	301
17	3	0.2500000000000000	301
17	4	0.2500000000000000	301
18	1	6.250000000000000E-002	302
18	2	6.250000000000000E-002	302
18	3	0.4375000000000000	302
18	4	0.4375000000000000	302
19	3	0.5000000000000000	303
19	4	0.5000000000000000	303

The file with heterozogosity ("HET") contains from 0 to $N_BPOP \times (N_BPOP - 1)/2$ lines per individual in the traced pedigree (only lines for heterozygosity > 0 are generated). Base populations/breeds are numbered according to the renumbering information in the "PHG_RENUM" file.

1	1	2	1.0000000000000000	1
2	1	2	1.0000000000000000	2
3	1	2	1.0000000000000000	3
4	3	4	1.0000000000000000	4
5	3	4	1.0000000000000000	5
6	3	4	1.0000000000000000	6
7	1	2	0.5000000000000000	101
8	1	3	0.2500000000000000	102
8	1	4	0.2500000000000000	102
8	2	3	0.2500000000000000	102
8	2	4	0.2500000000000000	102
9	3	4	0.5000000000000000	103
10	3	4	0.5000000000000000	104
11	3	4	0.5000000000000000	105
12	1	2	0.2500000000000000	201
12	1	3	0.1250000000000000	201
12	1	4	0.1250000000000000	201
12	2	3	0.1250000000000000	201
12	2	4	0.1250000000000000	201
13	1	3	0.1250000000000000	202
13	1	4	0.1250000000000000	202
13	2	3	0.1250000000000000	202
13	2	4	0.1250000000000000	202
13	3	4	0.2500000000000000	202
14	3	4	0.5000000000000000	203
15	3	4	0.5000000000000000	204
17	1	2	9.375000000000000E-002	301
17	1	3	0.1562500000000000	301
17	1	4	0.1562500000000000	301
17	2	3	0.1562500000000000	301
17	2	4	0.1562500000000000	301
17	3	4	9.375000000000000E-002	301
18	1	3	6.250000000000000E-002	302
18	1	4	6.250000000000000E-002	302
18	2	3	6.250000000000000E-002	302
18	2	4	6.250000000000000E-002	302
18	3	4	0.3750000000000000	302
19	3	4	0.5000000000000000	303